🕬 heàlth

finds

By Sandee LaMotte, CNN

Updated 1609 GMT (0009 HKT) September 17, 2021



A man smokes a marijuana cigarette.

(CNN) — An unusual illness is on the rise in the United States, especially in states that have legalized marijuana. Habitual users of cannabis, including teenagers, are showing up in emergency rooms complaining of severe

Our use of cookies and other technologies

We, our <u>Affiliates</u> and <u>Vendors</u> use cookies and other technologies to process personal data (including device identifiers and IP addresses) for the following purposes: Store and/or access information on a device, Select personalised ads, Create a personalised ads profile, Create a personalised content profile, Select personalised content, Measure content performance, Apply market research to generate audience insights, Develop and improve products, Select basic ads and Measure ad performance. <u>Privacy Policy</u>

By clicking "Accept All" you agree to these purposes. For more information, to provide or withdraw consents, and in some cases object to legitimate interest purposes for processing your personal data, click "Manage Cookies+". Additionally, you may exercise your preferences for consent or object to legitimate interest processing at a vendor level in the "Vendors" link. These settings are accessible on a site or app specific basis, at any time through the 'Manage Cookies+' link located on webpages or in application settings. We work in coordination with an industry framework which will signal your

preferences to our participating Vendors

Accept All

Manage Cookie

🕬 heàlth

researchers tollowed nine of the patients over time and found symptoms went away when cannabis use was stopped but returned when it was restarted.

Oddly, over half of the 19 reported using extremely hot baths or showers to self-treat their symptoms. As more and more cases of CHS began to appear, hot bathing as a home treatment became a recurring theme.

"Patients often say, 'You know, it's always in the evening when I get this nausea, vomiting,'" Wang said. "So they tell me, 'I go take a hot shower, and it gets better, then it happens again the next night.'

"It's pretty universal for these patients to say they need a really, really hot shower, or a really hot bath, to improve their symptoms," he said.

Why hot? "That's not entirely clear," said Wang, who is also an associate professor of pediatrics at the University of Colorado Anschutz Medical Campus in Aurora, Colorado.

Tetrahydrocannabinol, or THC, the main psychoactive compound in weed, has access to the body's pain receptors, so one theory is that the distracting sensation of the extreme heat interrupts the pain cycle, thus easing symptoms.

Related Article: Cannabis use may be linked with suicidal thoughts, plans and attempts in young adults, study finds

To compound the strangeness of the new disorder, THC and other cannabinoids in the marijuana plant have been used for pain relief -- paradoxically relieving nausea and vomiting in cancer patients undergoing chemotherapy. However, despite the popularity of marijuana as a pain killer, study results on its

Accept All

Manage Cookie

effectiveness have been mixed.

Still, why would the same compound relieve and also cause pain? Among a myriad of possibilities: dosage levels. Wang points to the ever increasing potency of THC in today's marijuana products.

"It's been well documented that the amount of THC that now comes in cannabis is increasing substantially," Wang said. "In the '90s the average was like 4% or 5%. Now in Colorado, it's anywhere from 15% to 20%."

Another mystery: Not all heavy users of weed are affected by CHS.

Our use of cookies and other technologies

We, our **<u>Affiliates</u>** and <u>**Vendors**</u> use cookies and other technologies to process personal data (including device identifiers and IP addresses) for the following purposes: Store and/or access information on a device, Select personalised ads, Create a personalised ads profile, Create a personalised content profile, Select personalised content, Measure content performance, Apply market research to generate audience insights, Develop and improve products, Select basic ads and Measure ad performance. <u>**Privacy Policy**</u>

By clicking "Accept All" you agree to these purposes. For more information, to provide or withdraw consents, and in some cases object to legitimate interest purposes for processing your personal data, click "Manage Cookies+". Additionally, you may exercise your preferences for consent or object to legitimate interest processing at a vendor level in the "Vendors" link. These settings are accessible on a site or app specific basis, at any time through the 'Manage Cookies+' link located on webpages or in application settings. We work in coordination with an industry framework which will signal your

preferences to our participating Vendors



Dr. Sanjay Gupta: Your brain on marijuana 01:39

Research is spotty

To fully understand, treat and prevent the new disorder, researchers need to document cases and compare symptoms. But CHS is so new that it doesn't have a medical diagnosis or insurance billing code, Wang said, making it "a moving target."

To do research, scientists look at medical records for reported cases of repetitive vomiting and compare those to marijuana usage in an area. Wang and his colleagues did just that in Colorado, where recreational marijuana was

Our use of cookies and other technologies

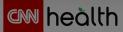
We, our <u>Affiliates</u> and <u>Vendors</u> use cookies and other technologies to process personal data (including device identifiers and IP addresses) for the following purposes: Store and/or access information on a device, Select personalised ads, Create a personalised ads profile, Create a personalised content profile, Select personalised content, Measure content performance, Apply market research to generate audience insights, Develop and improve products, Select basic ads and Measure ad performance. <u>Privacy Policy</u>

By clicking "Accept All" you agree to these purposes. For more information, to provide or withdraw consents, and in some cases object to legitimate interest purposes for processing your personal data, click "Manage Cookies+". Additionally, you may exercise your preferences for consent or object to legitimate interest processing at a vendor level in the "Vendors" link. These settings are accessible on a site or app specific basis, at any time through the 'Manage Cookies+' link located on webpages or in application settings. We work in coordination with an industry framework which will signal your

preferences to our participating Vendors

Accept All

Manage Cookie



between 2005 and 2014.

"For some of our kids, this is their fifth ER visit in the past two months, with symptoms that they can't control," Wang said.

And if they wait too long to come in, CHS can be life-

threatening.

"Regardless of whether it's cannabis hyperemesis syndrome or another virus that makes you vomit a lot," Wang said, "if you let it go too long, you can have electrolyte disturbances, go into shock and have organ failure. CHS is no different."

Concerns for the future

Data show CHS is a national problem. Between 2005 and 2014 when only medical marijuana was legal in most states, a 2020 study found nearly one in five people hospitalized for cyclical vomiting in the US reported concurrent cannabis use.

As of April, 17 states and the District of Columbia have legalized recreational marijuana for adults, while three dozen states and several territories have medical marijuana laws on the books, according to the Pew Research Center.

A Pew survey found the majority of US adults (60%) say marijuana should be legal for medical and recreational use. With support like that, it's likely that even more states will legalize weed in the years to come.

When they do, Wang said he hopes people will also take into account the potential dangers of cannabis, especially for the young.

Related Article: Children are at increased risk of accidental poisoning from marijuana edibles, study finds

"In adolescents and young adults, that's where there's growing concern about habitual use and its effect on physical and mental health," Wang said.

Our use of cookies and other technologies

We, our <u>Affiliates</u> and <u>Vendors</u> use cookies and other technologies to process personal data (including device identifiers and IP addresses) for the following purposes: Store and/or access information on a device, Select personalised ads, Create a personalised ads profile, Create a personalised content profile, Select personalised content, Measure content performance, Apply market research to generate audience insights, Develop and improve products, Select basic ads and Measure ad performance. <u>Privacy Policy</u>

By clicking "Accept All" you agree to these purposes. For more information, to provide or withdraw consents, and in some cases object to legitimate interest purposes for processing your personal data, click "Manage Cookies+". Additionally, you may exercise your preferences for consent or object to legitimate interest processing at a vendor level in the "Vendors" link. These settings are accessible on a site or app specific basis, at any time through the 'Manage Cookies+' link located on webpages or in application settings. We work in coordination with an industry framework which will signal your

preferences to our participating Vendors

Accept All

Manage Cookie

🕬 heàlth	Ξ
	Зтупе
	Travel
	Sports
	Videos
F	Features
,	Weather
	More
CN heàlth	
FO	LLOW CNN
f	
Terms of Use Privacy Policy Manage Cookies+ AdChoices About Us Modern Slavery Act Statement	
Advertise with us CNN Store Newsletters Tra	anscripts License Footage CNN Newsource Sitemap
© 2021 Cable News Network. A Warner Media Company. All Rights Reserved.	
Our use of cookies and other technologies	
We, our Affiliates and Vendors use cookies and other technologies to process personal data Manage Cook (including device identifiers and IP addresses) for the following purposes: Store and/or access Manage Cook information on a device, Select personalised ads, Create a personalised ads profile, Create a personalised content profile, Select personalised content, Measure content performance, Apply market research to generate audience insights, Develop and improve products, Select basic ads and Measure ad performance.	

By clicking "Accept All" you agree to these purposes. For more information, to provide or withdraw consents, and in some cases object to legitimate interest purposes for processing your personal data, click "Manage Cookies+". Additionally, you may exercise your preferences for consent or object to legitimate interest processing at a vendor level in the "Vendors" link. These settings are accessible on a site or app specific basis, at any time through the 'Manage Cookies+' link located on webpages or in application settings. We work in coordination with an industry framework which will signal your

preferences to our participating **Vendors**