

Change language: English

Runtime Configuration

The behaviour of these functions is affected by settings in `php.ini`.

PHP Options/Info Configuration Options
Name
assert.active
Default
"1"
Changeable
INI_ALL
Changelog
Deprecated as of PHP 8.3.0

Name
assert.bail
Default
"0"
Changeable
INI_ALL
Changelog
Deprecated as of PHP 8.3.0

Name
assert.warning
Default
"1"
Changeable
INI_ALL
Changelog
Deprecated as of PHP 8.3.0

Name
assert.callback
Default
NULL
Changeable
INI_ALL
Changelog
Deprecated as of PHP 8.3.0

Name
assert.quiet_eval
Default
"0"
Changeable
INI_ALL
Changelog
Removed as of PHP 8.0.0

Name
assert.exception
Default
"1"
Changeable
INI_ALL
Changelog
Prior to PHP 8.0.0, defaults to "0". Deprecated as of PHP 8.3.0

Name
enable_dl
Default
"1"
Changeable
INI_SYSTEM
Changelog
This deprecated feature <i>will</i> certainly be <i>removed</i> in the future.

Name
max_execution_time
Default
"30"
Changeable
INI_ALL
Changelog

Name
max_input_time
Default
"-1"
Changeable
INI_PERDIR
Changelog

Name
max_input_nesting_level
Default
"64"
Changeable
INI_PERDIR
Changelog

Name
max_input_vars
Default
1000
Changeable
INI_PERDIR
Changelog

Name
zend.enable_gc
Default
"1"
Changeable
INI_ALL
Changelog

Name
zend.max_allowed_stack_size
Default
"0"
Changeable
INI_SYSTEM
Changelog
Available as of PHP 8.3.0.

Name
zend.reserved_stack_size
Default
"0"
Changeable
INI_SYSTEM
Changelog

PHP Manual > Function Reference « Installing/Configuring Predefined Constants »

> Affecting PHP's Behaviour > PHP Options/Info > Installing/Configuring

Available as of PHP 8.3.0.
Name
fiber.stack_size
Default
Changeable
INI_ALL
Changelog
Available as of PHP 8.1.0.

For further details and definitions of the INI_* modes, see the [Where a configuration setting may be set](#).

Here's a short explanation of the configuration directives.

[assert.active](#) [bool](#)
Enable [assert\(\)](#) evaluation. [zend.assertions](#) should be used instead to control the behaviour of [assert\(\)](#).

Warning This feature has been *DEPRECATED* as of PHP 8.3.0. Relying on this feature is highly discouraged.

[assert.bail](#) [bool](#)
Terminate script execution on failed assertions.

Warning This feature has been *DEPRECATED* as of PHP 8.3.0. Relying on this feature is highly discouraged.

[assert.warning](#) [bool](#)
Issue a PHP warning for each failed assertion.

Warning This feature has been *DEPRECATED* as of PHP 8.3.0. Relying on this feature is highly discouraged.

[assert.callback](#) [string](#)
User function to call on failed assertions.

Warning This feature has been *DEPRECATED* as of PHP 8.3.0. Relying on this feature is highly discouraged.

[assert.quiet_eval](#) [bool](#)
Warning This feature was *REMOVED* as of PHP 8.0.0.

Use the current setting of [error_reporting\(\)](#) during assertion expression evaluation. If enabled, no errors are shown (implicit `error_reporting(0)`) while evaluation. If disabled, errors are shown according to the settings of [error_reporting\(\)](#)

[assert.exception](#) [bool](#)
Issue an [AssertionError](#) exception for the failed assertion.

Warning This feature has been *DEPRECATED* as of PHP 8.3.0. Relying on this feature is highly discouraged.

[enable_dl](#) [bool](#)
This directive allows to turn dynamic loading of PHP extensions with [dl\(\)](#) on and off.

The main reason for turning dynamic loading off is security. With dynamic loading, it's possible to ignore all [open_basedir](#) restrictions. The default is to allow dynamic loading.

[max_execution_time](#) [int](#)
This sets the maximum time in seconds a script is allowed to run before it is terminated by the parser. This helps prevent poorly written scripts from tying up the server. The default setting is 30. When running PHP from the [command line](#) the default setting is 0.

On non Windows systems, the maximum execution time is not affected by system calls, stream operations etc. Please see the [set_time_limit\(\)](#) function for more details.

Your web server can have other timeout configurations that may also interrupt PHP execution. Apache has a `Timeout` directive and IIS has a CGI timeout function. Both default to 300 seconds. See your web server documentation for specific details.

[max_input_time](#) [int](#)
This sets the maximum time in seconds a script is allowed to parse input data, like POST and GET. Timing begins at the moment PHP is invoked at the server and ends when execution begins. The default setting is -1, which means that [max_execution_time](#) is used instead. Set to 0 to allow unlimited time.

[max_input_nesting_level](#) [int](#)
Sets the max nesting depth of [input variables](#) (i.e. [\\$_GET](#), [\\$_POST](#).)

[max_input_vars](#) [int](#)
How many [input variables](#) may be accepted (limit is applied to `$_GET`, `$_POST` and `$_COOKIE` superglobal separately). Use of this directive mitigates the possibility of denial of service attacks which use hash collisions. If there are more input variables than specified by this directive, an **E_WARNING** is issued, and further input variables are truncated from the request.

[zend.enable_gc](#) [bool](#)
Enables or disables the circular reference collector.

[zend.max_allowed_stack_size](#) [int](#)
The maximum native stack space that the operating system allows the program to consume. Trying to consume more than the operating system allows typically results in a hard crash with no easily available debugging information. To make debugging easier, the engine throws an [Error](#) before it happens (when the program uses more than [zend.max_allowed_stack_size](#)-[zend.reserved_stack_size](#) bytes of stack).

Recursion in user-defined code does not consume native stack space. However, internal functions and magic methods do. Very deep recursion involving these functions can cause the program to exhaust all available native stack space.

Possible values for this parameter are:

- 0: Auto-detect the maximum native stack space that the operating system allows the program to consume. This is the default. When detection is not possible, a known system default is used.
- 1: Disables stack size checking in the engine.
- Positive integer: A fixed size, in bytes. Setting this value too high has the same effect as disabling stack size checking.

Installing/Configuring

» [Runtime Configuration](#)

As the stack size of `fibers` is determined by `fiber.stack_size`, the value of this parameter is used instead of `zend.max_allowed_stack_size` when checking stack usage during the execution of a `Fiber`.

Note:

This is not related to stack *buffer* overflows, and is not a security feature.

`zend.reserved_stack_size` [int](#)

The reserved stack size, in bytes. This is subtracted from the [max allowed stack size](#), as a buffer, when checking the stack size.

Possible values for this parameter are:

- 0: Auto-detect a sensible size.
- Positive integer: A fixed size, in bytes.

`fiber.stack_size` [int](#)

The native stack size, in bytes, allocated for each [Fiber](#).

The default value is 1MiB on systems with a pointer size lower than 8 bytes, or 2MiB otherwise.

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